Registered number: 2669935

SS&C FINANCIAL SERVICES EUROPE LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors N Wright

A Hume (resigned 31 July 2021)

B Sweeney M Kemp K Fleetwood U Troy

M Sleightholme (appointed 31 March 2021, resigned 30 June 2021)

J Metcalfe (appointed 2 February 2022)

Registered number 2669935

Registered office SS&C House

St Nicholas Lane

Basildon Essex SS15 5FS

Independent auditors PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

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Bankers Bank of America N.A.

2 King Edward Street

London EC1A 1HQ

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STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Introduction

The Directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Principal activities and business review

The principal activity of SS&C Financial Services Europe Limited, (the "Company"), is the provision of dealing administration services to providers of retail investment, and life and pension products; predominantly unit trusts, OEICs, ISAs, bonds and pension and protection plans.

Contracts with third party clients are held jointly between the Company and its parent undertaking, SS&C Financial Services International Limited, and the Company recognises within turnover the revenue derived from the dealing administration element of the overall services provided under these contracts. All staff, technology and other operational infrastructure and support are provided by the Company's parent undertaking, under a management services agreement. All employees are jointly employed by both companies.

Turnover is principally driven by dealing transaction volumes and the mix of differently priced deal types processed during the year. Dealing prices will differ between full service and remote service deals, the different technology platforms used, and the range of different underlying product types. The Company's turnover for the year was £119,413,000, an increase of 18.6% over the 2020 turnover of £100,699,000. The increase in turnover is as a result of on-boarding of new clients, partially offset by lost clients, increased dealing volumes, the mix of different types of deals processed across the Company's client base, and an annual increase in the Company's tariff rates.

The Company's operating margin has decreased in the year to 9.0% (2020: 10.0%), and the results for the year show an operating profit of £10,747,000 (2020: £10,070,000). Profit for the year was £8,759,000 (2020: £8,230,000).

Having made a profit during the year, the Company has increased its net assets to £47,275,000 as at 31 December 2021 (2020: £38,516,000).

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties of the Company include generic risks relating to the UK economic environment, the primary market in which it operates; including the general state of the UK economy, and any tax and regulatory changes, which could impact the business. The Company faces specific risks to its existing collective investment administration business from the market trend towards the use of online platform solutions by retail investors. The Company also has operational risks, including the failure of internal systems and processes leading to losses or breaches of legal or regulatory obligations; as well as the risk of a cyber attack on the Group's IT systems resulting in disruption to operations or a data security breach. The Company also faces credit risk in relation to its clients.

The Company has developed a framework of policies, procedures and controls in order to effectively manage these risks. The Board of Directors sets appropriate policies on internal control which mandate that potential risk exposures are assessed and that appropriate mitigating controls are developed and implemented. The Board seeks regular assurance that the system is functioning effectively and compliantly through the following procedures:

- The Company completes a risk management self-assessment plan that captures all key risks, controls and
 ongoing initiatives in relation to risk management. This ensures that all key risks are identified and controlled
 or effectively mitigated.
- Business areas perform regular reviews and updates of their risk assessments, which detail the risks relating
 to each process, assess those risks in terms of impact and probability, and consider the effectiveness of the
 controls in place. These risks are managed through a dedicated and integrated risk management reporting
 system.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

- Independent reviews on risk issues are carried out by Compliance monitoring teams, Audit and Information Security.
- Annual audits/risk reviews are carried out by a number of client management companies and shareholder auditors to give assurances on the effectiveness of controls.

The Company faces additional risk and uncertainty due to the major outbreak of the COVID-19 virus during 2020, which the World Health Organization has classified as a global pandemic. Global governments introduced unprecedented measures to try to impede the spread of the virus, including the temporary closure of businesses and other infrastructure and severe restrictions on personal movement. Since the initial lockdown in 2020, there have been several periods of relaxation of the rules, followed by further lockdowns; currently most restrictions have been eased in the UK. These periods of restrictions resulted in major disruption to normal economic activities and some turbulence in global financial markets.

The Company invoked its business continuity plans in March 2020, and has been actively managing its response during this period in order to deal with the situation as it evolved, including the extensive use of home working arrangements for its employees. The measures that the Company implemented have minimised the impact on its operations. The Company will continue to work closely with clients, suppliers, regulators, and other parties, in order to continue to manage the impact of the COVID-19 outbreak as the economy continues to open-up. These continued active risk management procedures place the Company in a strong position to ensure the continuity of its operations and the provision of services to its clients.

While the longer term impact of the COVID-19 outbreak on the wider economy remains uncertain, this could lead to a fall in contribution levels for savings and investment products. Dealing volume is the key driver of the Company's revenue, and a fall in activity levels would have a negative impact on the Company's revenue.

The Company also faces risk and uncertainty arising from the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union ("Brexit"). While the terms of the continued trading relationship between the United Kingdom and the European Union were agreed at the end of 2020, there remains some uncertainty over the longer term impact of Brexit on the United Kingdom economy.

The Company's turnover is derived largely within the United Kingdom, from client firms that are also based in the United Kingdom. The Directors do not therefore foresee Brexit having a material impact on the Company's business model. Neither would Brexit be expected to have a material impact on the Company's operations, with its ability to attract and retain employees and maintain relationships with its key suppliers, not expected to be adversely impacted.

In the event that the United Kingdom economy was to fall into a prolonged recession, this may impact contribution levels and confidence generally in the savings and investment markets. However the Directors believe that the Company's market position and its broad client base provide a robust defensive position against an economic downturn.

Key performance indicators

The Company monitors a wide variety of key performance indicators (KPIs) as an element of its approach to corporate governance. The KPIs cover: financial performance, operational quality, regulatory compliance, data security, client satisfaction, and staff development. These KPIs are reviewed regularly at various forums within the Company where appropriate corrective actions are developed.

The primary KPIs used to monitor the Company's operational performance are dealing transaction volume measures. The Company captures monthly deal volumes for each client, and these are analysed by different types of deal; and compared against internal forecasts and prior periods. Management also use this data to perform an analysis of volume trends which also take into account seasonal variances, such as the tax year end.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Section 172(1) statement

The Directors consider that they have acted in the way they consider, in good faith, would be most likely to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its members as a whole (having regard to the stakeholders and matters set out in s172(1) Companies Act 2006) in the decisions taken during the year ended 31 December 2021. The following paragraphs provide a summary of how the Directors have fulfilled these duties.

Long-term strategy

The Directors regularly assess the products and services the Company provides to ensure they are aligned to client needs. The Directors review and consider new business opportunities as part of their long-term planning with a view to growing the business and sustaining profitability in the longer term. As part of these strategic business plans the Board will give consideration to the level of investment in core technology platforms, further automation, and additional opportunities to collaborate with other SS&C group operations around the world, with the objective to improve the client service offering and to manage its cost base. The Directors also actively engage with the client base, developing strong relationships which enable the Company to meet client needs on a long-term basis.

During the year the Directors reviewed their strategy with regards to the Company's Data Centre provisions and agreed to implement a plan to transition to co-located third party data centre sites in order to ensure a resilient long-term solution to the Company's requirements. The implementation of this plan commenced during 2021, and the new Data Centres are planned to come on-stream by the end of 2022.

Employees

The Board is committed to ensuring the Company, along with its parent as joint employer, (together the "Group"), is a responsible employer, with consultation processes in place to allow views of employees to be taken into account when decisions are made that are likely to affect their interests. To this end, an employee forum is in place, with elected employee representatives, to enable the Group to consult and inform on matters closely aligned to communication and engagement, and when planning business change. This forum works with the Group to enhance employee involvement and satisfaction, allowing positive contributions to the achievement of business goals. The Directors also actively encourage employee feedback via staff engagement surveys. Further information on how the Directors engage with employees is set out in the Directors' Report on page 6.

The Directors have actively managed the Group's response to the COVID-19 outbreak, and with the safety of all staff as the overriding consideration, the decision was made early in 2020 that all staff should work from home, where they were able to do so. The Directors deployed the Group's Human Resources, IT, Facilities, and Risk Management teams, together with operational management to provide support to employees to ensure that they were able to continue to fulfil their roles working from home.

Following the experience of extensive home working during the pandemic period, the Directors reviewed the Group's permanent office working arrangements during the year. A new policy was announced which provides a hybrid working model, allowing employees a mixture of office-based and home working. The Directors engaged with employees by establishing steering committees and forum groups, utilising feedback where appropriate.

The Directors promote a high performance culture which includes the clear articulation of business objectives and the alignment with personal goals and development. During the year, the Directors formalised a Culture and Conduct policy, to ensure all employees understand and adhere to all elements that drive a positive culture. A combination of a healthy culture and good conduct are seen as drivers to good outcomes for employees, clients, and the Group.

The Group invests in employee training and development programmes as well as annual performance reviews. The Group is also committed to providing tools and resources to assist employees with the management of their health and well-being, including a range of awareness programmes, policies and training courses.

STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Business relationships

The Directors implement policies to foster the Company's business relationships with suppliers, clients, and others. Further information on how the Directors engage with these stakeholders is set out in the Directors' Report on page 7.

The Company provides business critical services to its clients in the UK financial services sector. It is therefore vitally important that the risks that the Company faces are effectively identified and managed, in order to provide an appropriate level of resilience for its clients and the UK market as a whole. The Directors continue to implement the Company's Operational Resilience Framework, which is aligned to the new regulatory requirements and overseen by a dedicated Operational Resilience Steering Committee, established by the Directors during the year. The principal risks and uncertainties faced by the Company and the risk management procedures adopted by the Directors are set out on pages 1-2 of this report.

Impact on the community and the environment

The Directors are mindful of the impact their decisions have on the community and the environment. As such, the Company promotes a variety of activities, including the establishment of a charity committee to raise funds for local charities; providing opportunities for employees to support local charitable or community projects; as well as facilitating environmental initiatives in consultation with the employee forum.

In addition, the Directors take a long-term and all-inclusive approach to managing the environmental risks and opportunities facing the business. Polices are embedded in the Company's code of conduct that seek to minimise the impacts of the business on the environment, including prevention of pollution, sustainable resource use, climate change mitigation and adaptation. On an annual basis the Directors review the Company's environmental performance and ensure the policy remains relevant and appropriate.

Reputation and standards of business conduct

The Directors are committed to maintaining and enhancing the Company's reputation, and ensuring that its officers and employees consistently act in compliance with regulatory rules and in accordance with the high standards of business conduct expected of firms operating within the UK financial services sector. The formalisation of a Culture and Conduct policy during the year by the Directors has further integrated the Board's expectations of employees' conduct into the Company's ethos.

The Company applies a Three Lines of Defence Model and maintains a robust Risk Governance Framework. The Directors approve the Company's ethics and whistleblowing policies on an annual basis. The Company provides training to all employees on an annual basis covering ethics and standards of business conduct, making use of on-line training tools, and classroom based training.

Shareholders

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of SS&C Technologies Holdings, Inc., and the Directors engage with SS&C group management on a regular basis with regards to the strategy of the business, particularly any potential new business and opportunities for collaboration with other SS&C group operations; and the ongoing processes for financial planning and the monitoring of financial performance.

This report was approved by the board on 13 April 2022 and signed on its behalf.

Mck Wright
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N Wright Director

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The Directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulation.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law). Under company law, Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the Company's financial statements published on the ultimate parent company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £8,759,000 (2020: £8,230,000).

The Directors recommend a final dividend on the ordinary shares of £20,000,000 for the year ended 31 December 2021 (2020: £NIL).

Directors

The Directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing were:

N Wright

A Hume (resigned 31 July 2021)

B Sweeney

M Kemp

K Fleetwood

U Troy

M Sleightholme (appointed 31 March 2021, resigned 30 June 2021)

J Metcalfe (appointed 2 February 2022)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The Directors have the benefit of indemnities in relation to the Company or an associated company which are qualifying third party indemnity provisions and qualifying pension scheme indemnity provisions, as defined by Sections 234 and 235 of the Companies Act 2006 which were in force during the year and at the date of approval of the financial statements. In addition, during the year the Company has maintained liability insurance for Directors. During the year there has been no utilisation of any indemnities.

Future developments

During 2022 we expect that existing competitors and new market entrants will continue to provide strong competition. Notwithstanding this, we expect to maintain our leading position in the third party administration market and continue to grow the business profitably through the acquisition of new clients and by providing a broader range of services to our existing client base.

Whilst global government restrictions to control the spread of the COVID-19 virus have eased, the Company will continue to work closely with clients, suppliers, regulators, and other parties during 2022, in order to manage any future impact on its operations, and to ensure the continuity of the services it provides to its clients.

The Directors are also mindful of the potential impact of the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union and are continuing to review the Company's arrangements, but they do not currently envisage any significant impact on the Company's trading activities.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise of bank balances and trade debtors. The Company's approach to managing risks applicable to the financial instruments is shown below.

In respect of bank balances the liquidity risk is minimal as the Company constantly monitors its bank balance to ensure that it is sufficient to finance the Company's operations. Trade debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by policies concerning monitoring of amounts and time outstanding. Trade creditors liquidity risk is managed by ensuring sufficient funds are available to meet the amounts due.

Engagement with employees

Consultation with employees by the Company, along with its parent as joint employer, (together the "Group"), has continued at all levels, with the aim of ensuring that views are taken into account when decisions are made that are likely to affect their interests. The Group also operates a number of communication mediums and forums including newsletters, all staff notices, team briefings and all staff presentations at which employees are kept informed about the financial, economic and strategic development of the business.

As discussed in the Section 172(1) statement in the Strategic Report, the Directors actively encourage employees to provide feedback via the annual staff survey administered by the Group's Human Resources team. Results are fed back to the Directors so employees' views can be taken into consideration on principal decisions where appropriate. Analysis of the survey results by the Group's Human Resources team highlights to the Directors those areas where feedback is most positive, and those areas where employees believe the most improvement is required, and the Directors focus their attention on the areas of most need of improvement.

During the past year, the Directors have continued to engage with employees with regards to principal decisions on their welfare during this extensive period of home working due to the COVID-19 pandemic, by initiating additional surveys. This information gathering has ensured the Directors can respond appropriately to any issues or challenges employees have experienced while working remotely, and also understand any concerns employees may have about a return to working in the office. Further information on how the Directors' have managed the Group's response to COVID-19 in relation to employees, and also their engagement with employees on a new hybrid working model, is set out in the Section 172(1) statement in the Strategic Report.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

Engagement with customers, suppliers and others

The Company's engagement with customers, suppliers and others is managed on a joint basis with its parent company, SS&C Financial Services International Limited (together the "Group").

The Group has dedicated Relationship Management and Client Services Teams in place to co-ordinate engagement with its clients. The Group also engages with its clients through the use of dedicated forums, individual one to one meetings, formal monthly client satisfaction reporting, the use of client data management systems, and independent Director or senior management client calls. In addition, the Group engages with the wider financial services sector in which it operates through attendance at various industry groups and forums.

The Group has a dedicated Vendor Management Team in place to co-ordinate its engagement with suppliers. In addition, a specific Business Relationship Owner is identified for each supplier relationship, with responsibility for the regular communication with the supplier, and fostering of the on-going business relationship.

The Group engages with the local communities in which it operates, through the activities of its charity committee, as well as its interaction with local schools and universities, and other organisations.

Greenhouse gas emissions, energy consumption and energy efficiency action

The Company's greenhouse gas emissions and energy consumption for the year are included in the annual report and consolidated financial statements of the parent company undertaking, SS&C Financial Services International Limited.

Statement of corporate governance arrangements

The Directors believe that strong governance is a vital ingredient in a successful, growing and dynamic business. The more successful the business becomes, and the faster it grows, the more important is this ingredient in decision making, risk taking and helping the Company to remain in control of its business. Taking risks is a part of all great businesses but they have to be considered, measured, and controlled to ensure good outcomes from risk decisions taken.

To ensure that the Company complies with good governance practices as expected by its stakeholders, and as expected in documented Corporate Governance Codes, the Company, in conjunction with its parent, SS&C Financial Services International Limited, (together the "Group"), has implemented its own Corporate Governance Framework which the Directors believe appropriately reflects the size, nature and structure of the business. As part of this the Group has compiled a Corporate Governance Manual which sets out the governance structure and processes that apply to its operations. This manual is available to all staff, and is designed to help the executives and others understand the governance framework and the approach needed to control the business. For this reason a separate Corporate Governance Code has not been applied.

The Group's vision and purpose is to be the leading global provider of Outsourced Administration services and Technology & Digital solutions for Investor & Distribution Services and to be the provider and employer of choice. Our strategy to support this is to maintain and grow an international technology and Outsourced Administration business providing software-enabled services to assist financial services businesses in a variety of sectors to support their underlying retail and Institutional customers. We achieve this through a positive culture supported by structured goals and objectives.

The Group operates under a single business unit structure which is governed by an Executive Committee which is empowered to direct business policy and the overall business performance. The business is also supported by Corporate Services, which consists of Legal, Human Resources, Finance, and Risk & Compliance. All Governance Committees are detailed in the Corporate Governance Manual and have detailed Terms of Reference.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The Group is exposed to a wide range of risks and the nature of those risks means that they may give rise to unexpected losses, regulatory sanctions or reputational damage. The Board has a cautious approach to risk and all mitigated and preventative controls are adopted to minimise any exposure, within acceptable tolerances.

Internal controls facilitate the effectiveness and efficiency of operations and help to ensure the reliability of internal and external reporting which assist in compliance with laws and regulations. A sound system of internal control therefore depends on a thorough and regular evaluation of the nature and extent of the risks to which the Group is exposed. The Directors methodology for evaluating risk is through a selection of risk assessment tools and approaches building on a risk management framework embedded throughout the business. The risk management framework is designed to promote communication of information and concerns ensuring, through testing and reporting, that internal controls are effective and that any identified weaknesses are monitored and resolved.

The Group has established the following internal control principles:

- The control environment is led by the Board with clear delegation of authority and accountability. The control
 infrastructure must identify business risk, significance of the risk and operational and/or reputational impact
 on SS&C's businesses.
- Control procedures and information must provide for identification and capture of relevant, reliable and timely
 financial and other information to monitor risks, adherence to defined authorisation limits and variance from
 targets.
- Regular reports from internal audit, and AAF/ISAE3402 control reports from external auditors, must be
 prepared to provide reasonable assurance to the Board that there are appropriate control procedures in
 place and that any corrective action is monitored and controlled accordingly.

There is increasing emphasis within the financial services industry on the importance of a healthy culture and good conduct. The Group recognises the importance and value of building and promoting a healthy culture within their business, leading by example from the top and encouraging and supporting good conduct in their staff. To this end, the Group has set out the following guiding behaviours for all staff to ensure good corporate governance: instil trust; collaborate; ensure accountability; client focus; develop talent; and communicate effectively. These are used in conjunction with the Corporate Goals. A Culture Policy and additional training programme has been established for all staff.

The Company's Board of Directors brings together the business operations management and the leaders of the support functions. Each Board member has been selected for their individual skills, diversity, experience and expertise in their given field. The Board of Directors has been assessed as being appropriate to the size and scale of the business. Monthly board meetings are held, and are reportable to the shareholders. The Directors only act within the powers conferred by the Articles of Association and in the best interests of the Company. The objective is to provide an opportunity to review, approve and challenge the strategic and tactical objectives of the Company. The information provided to the Board includes, but is not limited to, monthly financial reports, KPIs, workforce data, environmental data, stakeholder engagement feedback, and customer data.

The Board delegates responsibilities to various committees, all with their own terms of reference and accountabilities. The compositions of these committees include individual Board members, as well as other senior managers and where appropriate the relevant technical subject matter experts. These are designed to address and communicate current and future events and developments. Clear lines of responsibility and accountability are established to support effective decision making. Each committee derives its powers, authorities, discretion and functions from its Chairperson, who chooses to use the committee in the decision making process.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The Board seeks out and assesses new opportunities, both external and from within the wider SS&C global group, as part of its long term strategy, whilst considering any potential risks. The Directors will not accept risks that could materially:

- impair the quality of service agreed within the contracts of our customers;
- threaten compliance with regulatory obligations;
- impair the reputation of the Group; or
- threaten the Group's financial stability

without appropriate mitigation controls in place and approval being gained from the relevant Executive Committee or the Board.

The Corporate Governance Framework of the Group sets out policies for all key business areas: corporate management; business resources; corporate property; business relationships, risk, compliance, data protection and audit; and approvals and authorisations. Within this structure, the Group applies the Three Lines of Defence Model which provides the framework for how regulatory oversight and compliance should work within companies. The Company also complies with the Financial Conduct Authority's Senior Managers and Certification Regime, ensuring that prescribed responsibilities are allocated and managed appropriately.

The Directors aim to set remuneration at a level that will secure and retain quality senior management, rewarding strong performance, ensuring delivery of the Group's strategic plans whilst safeguarding the interest of the shareholders.

The Directors implement policies to nurture the Group's business relationships with all stakeholders. Further details of which can be found on pages 6-7 of this report.

Post balance sheet events

There are no post balance sheet events requiring disclosure in the Company's financial statements.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 13 April 2022 and signed on its behalf.

DocuSigned by:

Mck Wright

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N Wright Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SS&C FINANCIAL SERVICES EUROPE LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, SS&C Financial Services Europe Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2021; the Statement of Comprehensive Income and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, as applicable to other entities of public interest, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

To the best of our knowledge and belief, we declare that non-audit services prohibited by the FRC's Ethical Standard were not provided.

Other than those disclosed in note 6, we have provided no non-audit services to the company in the period under audit

Conclusions relating to going concern

Our evaluation of the directors' assessment of the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting included:

- Reviewing and challenging company's going concern assessment, cash flow forecasts, assumptions and
 inputs through enquiry of management and agreeing information to supporting evidence to ensure that the
 going concern basis of accounting is appropriate including the stress testing;
- Reviewing the sufficiency of management's disclosures in the financial statements relating to going concern;
 and
- Reviewing the Board meeting minutes to date to identify events or conditions that could impact the company's ability to continue as a going concern entity.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SS&C FINANCIAL SERVICES EUROPE LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Strategic report and Directors' Report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Companies Act 2006 requires us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Strategic report and Directors' Report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Strategic report and Directors' Report for the year ended 31 December 2021 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Strategic report and Directors' Report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SS&C FINANCIAL SERVICES EUROPE LIMITED (CONTINUED)

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to breaches of UK regulatory principles, such as those governed by the Financial Conduct Authority, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to manipulation of accounting records and financial statements. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Enquiries with management, including the compliance, internal audit and risk teams, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations and fraud;
- Reviewing the relevant Board of Directors' meeting minutes;
- Designing audit procedures to incorporate unpredictability around the nature, timing or extent of our testing;
- Identifying and testing journal entries, in particular any journal entries posted with unusual account combinations; entries posted containing unusual account descriptions, entries posted with unusual amounts and entries posted by unexpected users, where any such journal entries were identified;
- Reviewing correspondence with the Financial Conduct Authority in relation to compliance with regulations;
 and
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in their significant accounting estimates.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SS&C FINANCIAL SERVICES EUROPE LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not obtained all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Collen Zent

Colleen Local (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

London

13 April 2022

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2020 £000
Turnover	4	119,413	100,699
Administrative expenses		(108,666)	(90,629)
Operating profit	5	10,747	10,070
Interest receivable and similar income	9	66	91
Profit before taxation	-	10,813	10,161
Tax on profit	10	(2,054)	(1,931)
Profit for the financial year	-	8,759	8,230

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2021 (2020: NIL).

The notes on pages 17 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

SS&C FINANCIAL SERVICES EUROPE LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:2669935

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £000	2020 £000
Current assets			
Debtors	11	48,164	40,424
Cash at bank and in hand	12	21	22
	_	48,185	40,446
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(910)	(1,930)
Net assets	_ _	47,275	38,516
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	15	7,900	7,900
Profit and loss account		39,375	30,616
Total equity	<u>-</u>	47,275	38,516

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 13 April 2022.



N Wright Director

The notes on pages 17 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

At 1 January 2021	Called up share capital £000 7,900	Profit and loss account £000	Total equity £000 38,516
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the financial year	-	8,759	8,759
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	8,759	8,759
At 31 December 2021	7,900	39,375	47,275

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

At 1 January 2020	Called up share capital £000 7,900	Profit and loss account £000 22,386	Total equity £000 30,286
Comprehensive income for the year Profit for the financial year	-	8,230	8,230
Total comprehensive income for the year		8,230	8,230
At 31 December 2020	7,900	30,616	38,516

The notes on pages 17 to 26 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1. General information

SS&C Financial Services Europe Limited (the "Company") is a private company limited by shares and is incorporated in England. The address of its registered office is SS&C House, St Nicholas Lane, Basildon, Essex, SS15 5FS.

The principal activity of the Company is the provision of dealing administration services to providers of retail investment, and life and pension products; predominantly unit trusts, OEICs, ISAs, bonds and pension and protection plans.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention. The Directors believe it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis, which assumes the Company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, which is deemed to be at least 12 months from the date these financial statements are approved.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 ("FRS 102"), the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland, and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The financial statements are presented in the Company's functional currency, the pound sterling, and rounded to thousands.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.2 Financial reporting standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows:
- the requirements of Section 3 Financial Statement Presentation paragraph 3.17(d);
- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

This information is included in the consolidated financial statements of SS&C Technologies Holdings, Inc. as at 31 December 2021 and these financial statements may be obtained from the Securities and Exchange Commission, Division of Corporation Finance, 100 F Street, NE Washington, DC 20549, United States of America.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Turnover

Turnover represents fees for dealing related services supplied by the Company during the year. Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.5 Parent company management charges

Parent company management charges are recognised within administration expenses in profit and loss on an accruals basis.

2.6 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.7 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

At the end of each reporting period debtor balances are assessed for objective evidence of impairment. If an asset is impaired the impairment loss is the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount at the Balance Sheet date. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

2.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand and deposits held with financial institutions with original maturities of three months or less.

2.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price.

2.11 Financial instruments

The Company has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like accounts receivable and payable, and these are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of cash, or other consideration, expected to be paid or received.

2.12 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2.13 Distributions to shareholders

Dividends and other distributions to the Company's shareholders are recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends and other distributions are approved. These amounts are recognised in the Statement of Changes in Equity.

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in accordance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The estimates and associated assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies (continued)

3.1 Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Company provides services to its clients under joint service contracts with its parent undertaking, SS&C Financial Services International Limited, whereby the Company provides the dealing administration part of the overall service. A number of these client contracts do not include a separate fee within the tariff structure for the dealing administration part of the service, and it is therefore necessary to allocate an appropriate part of the overall fee to these services, in order that the Company's revenue reflects the fair value of the dealing administration services provided to clients. Where there is no separate dealing administration fee within a client contract, the fair value of the services provided is calculated by multiplying the actual number of deals processed by an estimated fee per deal. The estimated fee per deal is calculated as a weighted average from other clients with similar underlying product lines, and where historic data is used for this, it is updated for annual contractual RPI increases.

3.2 Critical judgements

The fair value revenue for the dealing services provided under those client contracts that do not contain a separate dealing fee is determined with reference to an estimated fee per deal, which is calculated as a weighted average from other clients with similar underlying product lines. Judgement is applied by management in the selection of the underlying tariff data used to calculate this weighted average; to ensure that the data used is a representative sample of clients, and is of a sufficient sample size, in order to provide a fair fee per deal.

4. Turnover

All turnover is from continuing operations, and relates to a single class of business, that being the provision of dealing related services. Analysis of turnover by country of destination is as follows:

2021 £000	2020 £000
103,700	97,345
15,713	3,354
119,413	100,699
	£000 103,700 15,713

5. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Operating lease rentals	107	107
Parent company management charges	08,558	90,521

The parent company management charges are allocated to the Company via a management services agreement. Recharges are based on the level of income generated by the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

6. Auditors' remuneration

7.

Auditors' remuneration is borne by the parent company, SS&C Financial Services International Limited. The amounts attributable to the Company are analysed as follows:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Fees payable to the Company's auditors and their associates for the audit of the Company's annual financial statements	19	18
Fees payable to the Company's auditors and their associates in respect of:		
Audit-related assurance services	8	8
Taxation compliance services	-	3
Employees		
The average monthly number of employees during the year was as follows:		
	2021	2020
	No.	No.
IT & central support	502	585
Administration	2,152	2,472
	2,654	3,057

All of the above employees have joint contracts of employment with the Company and its parent company, SS&C Financial Services International Limited, and reside on the parent company's payroll. The related employee costs are borne by the parent company and their remuneration is included in the parent company's financial statements. The parent company does not specifically recharge staff costs to the Company, but charges a management fee under a management services agreement, which is based on the level of income generated by the Company. The employment costs are not distinguishable between the entities and it is not possible to produce a reliable estimate of the staff costs attributable to the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

8. Directors' remuneration

The full amount of the Directors' remuneration is borne by other group companies.

For 2 Directors who served during the year (2020: 2), it was not possible to determine the proportion of the Directors' work that was performed for the Company.

For the other 5 Directors who served during the year (2020: 5), the amounts related to the portion of the Directors' work performed for the Company are as follows:

	1,125	901
Company contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	17	-
Directors' emoluments	1,108	901
	2021 £000	2020 £000

Further disclosures relating to the above 5 Directors are as follows:

- a) during the year retirement benefits were accruing to 2 Directors (2020: 2) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes;
- b) the highest paid Director received remuneration of £603,000 (2020: £474,000) in respect of services provided as Director of the Company;
- c) the value of contributions paid to a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of the highest paid Director amounted to £NIL (2020: £NIL);
- d) during the year 5 Directors received shares in the ultimate parent company under the long term incentive schemes (2020: 4), and 2 Directors exercised share options in the ultimate parent company's shares (2020: 1);
- e) the highest paid Director received shares in the ultimate parent company under long term incentive schemes in 2021 and 2020; and
- f) none of the Directors are members of the SS&C Financial Services International Limited defined benefit pension scheme (2020: none).

9. Interest receivable and similar income

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Interest receivable from group companies	66	91

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

10. Tax on profit

Corporation tax	2021 £000	2020 £000
Current tax on profits for the year	2,054	1,931
Tax on profit	2,054	1,931

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

There were no factors that affected the tax charge for the year. Corporation tax has been calculated on the profits before tax at the standard UK tax rate of 19% (2020: 19%).

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Chancellor of the Exchequer announced on 11th March 2020 that the UK corporation tax rate will remain at 19% for the period 1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021 and 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022. These changes were part of Finance Act 2020, which was enacted on 22 July 2020.

The Chancellor further announced on 3 March 2021 that the UK corporation tax rate will increase to 25% from April 2023. These changes were enacted in Finance Act 2021 on 10 June 2021. The effect of the rate change has been reflected in the deferred tax balances.

11. Debtors

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Amounts falling due after more than one year		
Deferred tax asset (note 14)	2	2
	2	2
Amounts falling due within one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings	48,162	40,422
	48,164	40,424

Amounts owed by group undertakings relate to operating intercompany balances with the Company's parent undertaking, SS&C Financial Services International Limited, which are unsecured and repayable on demand. Interest is charged on the outstanding balance as a rate of Bank of England base rate plus 0.05%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

12.	Cash at bank and in hand		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Cash at bank	<u>21</u>	22
13.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021 £000	2020 £000
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	910	1,930
	All amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, non-interest bearing	g and payable on d	lemand.
14.	All amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, non-interest bearing Deferred taxation	g and payable on d	lemand.
14.		g and payable on d 2021 £000	2020
14.		2021	emand. 2020 £000
14.	Deferred taxation	2021 £000	2020 £000
14.	Deferred taxation At beginning of year	2021 £000	2020 £000
14.	Deferred taxation At beginning of year At end of year	2021 £000	2020 £000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

15. Called up share capital 2021 2020 £000 Shares classified as equity: Authorised 15,000,000 (2020: 15,000,000) Ordinary shares of £1 each Allotted, called up and fully paid 7,900,101 (2020: 7,900,101) Ordinary shares of £1 each 7,900

The ordinary shares each carry one voting right. There are no restrictions on the distribution of dividends and the repayment of capital.

16. Pensions and post-retirement private health care commitments

All staff are jointly employed by the Company and its parent company, SS&C Financial Services International Limited. The related pension and post-retirement healthcare costs are borne by the parent company and all related disclosures are given in the financial statements of the parent company.

17. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 December 2021 the Company had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	2021 £000	2020 £000
Not later than 1 year	107	82
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	403	-
	510	82

18. Post balance sheet events

There are no post balance sheet events requiring disclosure in the Company's financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

19. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The Company's immediate parent company is SS&C Financial Services International Limited, a company incorporated in England. The address of its registered office is SS&C House, St Nicholas Lane, Basildon, Essex SS15 5FS.

The Company's ultimate controlling party is SS&C Technologies Holdings, Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America. The address of its registered office is 80 Lamberton Road, Windsor, Connecticut, CT 06095, USA.

The parent undertaking of the smallest group which contains the Company and for which group financial statements are prepared is SS&C Financial Services International Limited. The parent undertaking of the largest group which contains the Company and for which group financial statements are prepared is SS&C Technologies Holdings, Inc.

Copies of the group financial statements of SS&C Financial Services International Limited are available from SS&C House, St Nicholas Lane, Basildon, Essex SS15 5FS.

Copies of the group financial statements of SS&C Technologies Holdings, Inc. are available from the Securities and Exchange Commission, Division of Corporation Finance, 100 F Street, NE Washington, DC 20549, United States of America.